

D-105
Domain Knowledge Test-2022
History & Archaeology

OMR Sr. No. _____

Booklet Sr. No. _____

Time: **60 Minutes**

Total Questions: **50**

Max Marks: **100**

Roll No. (In figure) _____ (in words) _____

Signature of Candidate

Signature of Invigilator

IMPORTANT

DO NOT OPEN THE BOOKLET UNLESS YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO
FIRST READ FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. The candidate will fill up required particulars including his/her roll no. and signature on the OMR sheet with ball point pen (Black/Blue) in the appropriate boxes.
2. Question booklet and OMR sheet will be distributed to the candidates ten minutes before the commencement of the test.
3. Immediately on opening the question-booklet, the candidate should check the booklet and ensure that it contains 50 multiple choice objective type questions (Sr. No. 1 to 50) and the OMR Sheet (Answer-Sheet) for answers and that none question is missing. Discrepancy, if any, should be reported by the candidate to the invigilator within 5 (five) minutes of the opening of the question booklet. If deem fit, a correct question booklet/OMR sheet shall be supplied.
4. **For each question, four suggested answers a, b, c, d are given. The candidate has to choose only one answer which he/she considers the correct or the most appropriate one. If candidate darkens more than one circle or cutting/overwriting/erasing putting of white fluid or any other chemicals on OMR Sheet, then such answer(s) shall not be evaluated.**
5. The answer should be marked by darkening appropriate circle provided in front of the concerned serial number, with **black/blue ball point pen only. Use of pencil is not allowed.** For instance, while answering the Question No. 26 of the question booklet, the correct answer a or b or c or d at Serial No. 26 of OMR sheet should only be darkened.
6. **Each correct answer will be awarded 02 marks. There will be NEGATIVE marking of 0.25% marks for each wrong answer in the Test.**
7. The candidate should be careful in handling the question-paper and in darkening the responses on the OMR Sheet. **The second question booklet/OMR sheet will not be supplied in any case.**
8. Bringing of in-criminal materials, electronic gadgets/devices including cell phone and calculators in the premises of the examination centre is strictly prohibited. Possessing of in-criminal materials, electronic gadgets/devices and any other aiding material in the examination hall will be a serious offence and will attract the cancellation of your candidature.
9. The candidate will not be permitted to leave the examination hall before the conclusion of the test. The candidate should make sure that question-booklet (including OMR sheet) is handed over to the invigilator before leaving the examination hall at the end of the test, failing which a case of use of unfair-means/misbehaviour will be registered against him/her, in addition to lodging of an FIR with the police. Further, OMR-sheet of such a candidate will not be evaluated.
10. The candidate can do rough-work on the back of the title cover of question booklet. **Rough-work on OMR sheet is strictly prohibited.**

Q.1 Which major urban sites in India have been identified as regional centres of Harappan Civilization?

- (a) Rakhigarhi
- (b) Dholavira
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) None of the above.

Q.2 One of The Oldest Indus Valley Civilization site situated in Haryana is :

- (a) Malhar
- (b) Bhirrana
- (c) Pauri
- (d) Chichali

Q.3 Match the list 'A' with 'B' and choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

- | | |
|------------------|---|
| 'A' | 'B' |
| (a) Palaeolithic | (a) Domestication of animals and plants |
| (b) Mesolithic | (b) Food gatherers |
| (c) Neolithic | (c) Hunters and Hurders |
| (d) Chalcolithic | (d) Farmers |

Codes:

- | | A | B | C | D |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|
| (a) | III | IV | II | I |
| (b) | IV | II | III | I |
| (c) | II | III | I | IV |
| (d) | I | II | III | IV |

Q.4 During the Vedic period which of the following river was known as Askni?

- (a) Sutlej
- (b) Ravi
- (c) Jhelum
- (d) Chenab

Q.5 The first Buddhist Council is noted for the compilation and codification of the:

- (a) Vinay Pitaka
- (b) Sutta Pitaka
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) None of the above

Q.6. Chandragupta Maurya established the Maurya Empire in :

- (a) 350 BC
- (b) 375 BC
- (c) 429 BC
- (d) 325-24 BC

Q.7. Match list I with list II and select the correct answer from the options given below:

List I

- I. Sita Adhyaksha
- II. Sutradhyaksha
- III. Paxyadhyaksha
- IV. Rupadarsaka

List II

- 1. Mint Master
- 2. Director of Textile production
- 3. Director of Trade
- 4. Director of Agriculture

Codes:

	I	II	III	IV
(a)	4	2	3	1
(b)	3	1	2	4
(c)	2	4	1	3
(d)	1	3	4	2

Q.8. According to the testimony of Al-Biruni's Kitab-ul-Hind Gupta Era began in:

- (a) 825 AD
- (b) 606 AD
- (c) 319-320 CE
- (d) 1075 AD

Q.9 Which one of the following Gupta Kings was the first to use the title of Maharajadhiraja

- (a) Chandragupta I
- (b) Samudragupta
- (c) Chandragupta II
- (d) GhatotKacha

Q.10 In ancient India yojana was the commonest measure of

- (a) Weight
- (b) Time
- (c) Distance
- (d) None of the above

Q.11 The term nagara denoting an urban centre first occurred in:

- (a) Arthashastra
- (b) Brihadaranyakopanishad
- (c) Buddhacharita
- (d) Malavi Kagnimitra

Q.12 The roots of Indian mathematics can be traced to the :

- (a) Aryabhatiya
- (b) Chhandasutra
- (c) Shulvasutra
- (d) Yavanajataka

Q.13 The qasba Sadhaura in Yamunanagar district became a sufi centre of :

- (a) Chishtia Order
- (b) Qadriyah Order
- (c) Suhrawardi Order
- (d) Firdausi Order

Q.14 The gold coins of Guptas were called:

- (a) Dinara
- (b) Satamanas
- (c) Karsapanas
- (d) None of the above

Q.15 The principal source of income of the Vijayanagar state was land revenue known as:

- (a) Sthala
- (b) Athavane
- (c) Sist
- (d) Sima

Q.16 The Vijayanagar rulers maintained a link with village administration through his officer called:

- (a) Kesavridhi Kara
- (b) Kandachara
- (c) Dandanayaka
- (d) Mahanayakacharya

Q.17 According to Pliny the Malabar black pepper fetched enormous price for which it was called as 'black gold' by:

- (a) Gregory Schopen
- (b) D.D. Kosambi
- (c) Romila Thapar
- (d) B.N. Mukherjee

Q.18 Who said, "Local self-government is, and must be, the basis of any true system of democracy"?

- (a) Mahatma Gandhi
- (b) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- (c) Rajendra Prasad
- (d) Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel

Q.19 The first victim of the "Doctrine of lapse" was:

- (a) Nagpur
- (b) Jhansi
- (c) Jaitpur
- (d) Satara

Q.20 Chola inscriptions mentions several categories of land, Brahmadya was a

- (a) Land gifted to temples
- (b) Land for the maintenance of school
- (c) Land donated to jaina institutions
- (d) Land gifted to Brahmanas

Q.21 In Sangam administrative set up a Variyam was :

- (a) A protective forest tract
- (b) A Tax yeilding territorial unit
- (c) A small fort
- (d) Toll tax collectors

Q.22 Who called the De-industrialization in India during the 19th Century as 'a Myth' ?

- (a) Colin Clark
- (b) Morris. D. Morris
- (c) Karl Marx
- (d) None of the above

Q.23 Who among the following Delhi Sultan was the first to start the system of 'token currency':

- (a) Firoz Shah Tughlaq
- (b) Alauddin Khalji
- (c) Muhammad bin Tughlaq
- (d) Balban

Q.24 Name the towns founded by Firoz Shah Tughlaq:

- I. Jaunpur
- II. Fatehabad
- III. Hissar
- IV. Firozpur
- V. Agra

- (a) I, II, III, V
- (b) V, III, II, IV
- (c) IV, I, III, V
- (d) I, II, III, IV

Q.25 During the Saltanat period the Department of agriculture created by Muhammad bin Tughlaq was known as :

- (a) Diwan-e- Arz
- (b) Diwan-e- Insha
- (c) Diwan-e- Amir Kahi
- (d) Diwan-e- Istihqaq

Q.26. Under the Mughals for land revenue purpose land was classified into how many categories:

- (a) 4
- (b) 15
- (c) 10
- (d) 12

Q.27. The Mughal emperor who promulgated "Twelve Edicts" for the general welfare and better government was:

- (a) Babur
- (b) Humayun
- (c) Akbar
- (d) Jahangir

Q.28. During the reign of Shahjahan the European traveler visited his court was

- (a) Bernier
- (b) Tavernier
- (c) A & B both
- (d) None of the above

Q. 29. William Hawkins and Sir Thomas Roe visited the court of which of the following Mughal Emperor seeking permission to carry trade?

- (a) Akbar
- (b) Jahangir
- (c) Shahjahan
- (d) Aurangzeb

Q.30. For the first time in the history of India that prohibition was imposed on the Sale and use of intoxicating drugs and wine by

- (a) Qutbuddin Aibak
- (b) Iltutmish
- (c) Jalaluddin Khalji
- (d) Alauddin Khalji

Q. 31 Match the following and choose the correct answer from the count given below:

	I		II
I	Ain-e-Akbari	1.	Abdul Qadir Badayuni
II	Tabaqat-e- Akbari	2.	Gulbadan Begum
III	Humayunama	3.	Nizamuddin Ahmad
IV	Muntakhab-ut-Tawarikh	4.	Abul Fazl

Codes

- (a) I-4, II-3, III-2, IV-1
- (b) II-1, III-2, IV-3, I-4
- (c) IV-3, I-1, II-4, III-2
- (d) III-2, IV-4, I-1, II-3

Q.32. Which of the following book/books were written by Dara Shikoh?

- (i) Majma-ul-Bahrain
- (ii) Sakinat-ul-Auliya
- (iii) Safinat -ul-Auliya
- (iv) Hasanat-ul-Arifin
- (v) Mazharat-ul-Adiyan

- (a) i, ii, iii, iv
- (b) ii, iii, iv, v
- (c) iii, iv, v
- (d) v, iv, ii, I

Q.33. The Sikh guru who founded the holy city of Amritsar

- (a) Guru Amardas
- (b) Guru Tegh Bahadur
- (c) Guru Ram Das
- (d) Guru Har Rai

Q.34. Chauth and Sardesh mukhi was a tax collected by

- (a) Nizam of Hyderabad
- (b) Marathas
- (c) Nawab of Bengal
- (d) Mughals

Q.35. Who was the prime author of the story of so called “Black Hole” tragedy?

- (a) Eyre coote
- (b) G.B. Malbson
- (c) H.H. Dodwell
- (d) J.Z. Holwell

Q.36. The so-called “Sun-Set” law which created great hardship and deprived many of Zamindars their land was associated with

- (a) Ijaradari System
- (b) Permanent Settlement
- (c) Ryotwari Settlement
- (d) Mahlwari Settlement

Q.37. Who among the following called the Indian National Congress as “Microscopic Minority”?

- (a) Lord Lytton
- (b) Lord Curzon
- (c) Lord Duffrin
- (d) Lord Lansdowne

Q.38. Arrange the following events in chronological order:

- (i) Cabinet Mission Plan
- (ii) RIN Mutiny
- (iii) Cripps Mission
- (iv) August Offer
- (v) Poona Pact

- (a) iii, ii, i, iv, v
- (b) i, ii, iii, iv, v
- (c) iv, v, ii, iii, i
- (d) v, iv, iii, ii, I

Q.39 Match the following and choose the correct answer:

- | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| I. Birsa Munda | a. Faraizi Movement |
| II. Govind Guru | b. Wahabi Movement |
| III. Syed Ahmed Raibarhi | c. Bhil uprising |
| IV. Hazi Shasiatullah | d. Munda uprising |

- (a) IV-a I-a II-c III-d
(b) I-d II-c III-b IV-a
(c) II-b III-d IV-a I-c
(d) III-c IV-b I-d II-b

Q.40 'New Lamps for Old' written by Aurobindo Ghose was a:

- (a) Biography of Nationalist teachers
(b) Series of articles
(c) Collection of poems
(d) None of the above

Q.41 Who was the author of "Poverty and Un-British Rule in India"?

- (a) Gopal Krishna Gokhle
(b) R.P. Dutt
(c) Dada Bhai Nauroji
(d) R.C. Dutt

Q.42 To propagate his progressive social ideas Sir Syed Ahmad Khan started the journal:

- (a) Tahzib-ul-Akhlaq
(b) Al-Hilal
(c) Hamdard
(d) Zamindar

Q.43 The Theosophical Society was founded by:

- (a) Swami Vivekananda
(b) Dada Bhai Nauroji
(c) M.S. Olcott
(d) H.P. Blavatsky

Q.44 The first English newspaper published in India was:

- (a) The Bombay Herald
(b) The Madras Courier
(c) The Bengal Gazette
(d) The Calcutta Gazette

Q.45 Wardha scheme of basic education was proposed Mahatma Gandhi in:

- (a) 1945
- (b) 1937
- (c) 1925
- (d) 1930

Q.46 Orientalist Anglicist controversy was associated with :

- (a) Modern Education
- (b) Police Reform
- (c) Socio-religious Reforms
- (d) Revolt of 1857

Q.47 By which act the 'Board of Control' was set up in England to establish British Parliament's control over Indian affairs?

- (a) Regulating Act 1773
- (b) Pitt's India Act 1784
- (c) The Charter Act 1793
- (d) The Charter Act 1833

Q.48 Match the following:

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| I. Calcutta Session-1906 | a. Swaraj resolution |
| II. Karachi Session-1931 | b. Session held in village |
| III. Lahore Session-1929 | c. Resolution on fundamental right |
| IV. Faizpur Session-1937 | d. Poorna Swaraj Resolution |

- (a) IV-c I-a II-b III-d
- (b) III-b IV-d I-a II-c
- (c) II-d III-b IV-c I-a
- (d) I-a II-c III-d IV-b

Q.49 Whose political message was 'India for Indians' ?

- (a) Aruna Asaf Ali
- (b) Hasrat Mohani
- (c) Balgangadhar Tilak
- (d) Swami Vivekanand

Q.50 The Indian National Congress officially adopted the Drain of multh theory at its Calcutta session in:

- (a) 1889
- (b) 1890
- (c) 1896
- (d) 1905